Water Districts Enterprise Funds - Consolidated

DESCRIPTION OF MAJOR SERVICES

Special Districts Department provides for the management, funding, and maintenance of water distribution systems throughout unincorporated areas of the County Service Areas (CSA) and Improvement Zones. Sources include property taxes, service charges and user fees.

Budget at a Glance	
Requirements Less Reimbursements*	\$9,947,857
Sources/Reimbursements	\$7,655,257
Net Budget**	(\$2,292,600)
Estimated Unrestricted Net Assets	\$2,292,600
Use of Unrestricted Net Assets	\$779,927
Total Staff	0
*Includes Contingencies	

CSA 42 Oro Grande was established by an act of the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors on December 27, 1965, and is located 5 miles northwest of Victorville. The water CSA provides funding for the operation and maintenance of water connections for 136 customers.

CSA 64 Spring Valley Lake was established by an act of the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors on December 30, 1968, to provide water services in the community of Spring Valley Lake. The water CSA provides funding for the operation and maintenance of water connections for 3,834 customers. The water CSA also maintains five wells, one booster station and three water tanks.

CSA 70 CG Cedar Glen was established by an act of the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors on July 12, 2005, to provide water service to the community of Cedar Glen. This water Improvement Zone serves approximately 332 customers.

CSA 70 F Morongo Valley was established by an act of the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors on September 20, 1971, to provide water service to the community of Morongo Valley. This water Improvement Zone maintains three wells, one booster station and a reservoir that stores 260,000 gallons of water for service to 84 customers.

CSA 70 J Oak Hills was established by an act of the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors on December 28, 1971, and is located 16 miles southwest of Victorville. The water Improvement Zone provides service to 3,191 customers. This water Improvement Zone also maintains four wells, five booster stations, nine water storage reservoirs and approximately 130 miles of water pipelines ranging from 6 inches to 16 inches in diameter.

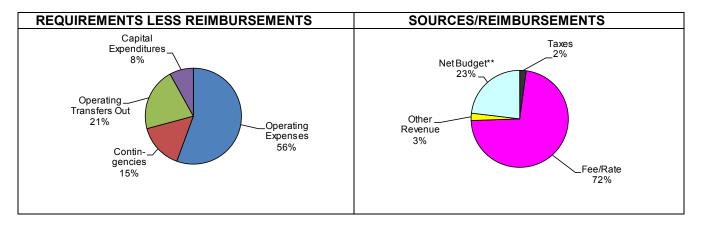
CSA 70 W-1 Goat Mountain was established by an act of the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors on November 5, 1973, and is located 10 miles north of Yucca Valley in the Landers area. The water Improvement Zone provides funding for the operation and maintenance of water connections for 646 customers. This water Improvement Zone also maintains three wells, two booster stations and 420,000 gallons of reservoir storage.

CSA 70 W-3 Hacienda was established by an act of the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors on December 6, 1976, and is located 10 miles north of Yucca Valley. The water Improvement Zone provides funding for the operation and maintenance of water connections for 167 customers. This water Improvement Zone also maintains two wells, four booster stations and 110,000 gallons of reservoir storage.

CSA 70 W-4 Pioneertown was established by an act of the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors on January 14, 1980, and is located five miles northwest of Yucca Valley. The water Improvement Zone provides funding for the operation and maintenance of water connections for 120 customers. This water Improvement Zone also maintains six wells and 310,000 gallons of reservoir storage.

^{**} Net Budget reflects Total Sources less Total Requirements for Internal Service and Enterprise funds. When Net Budget is negative, it means that the department will be using assets that have been carried over from the prior year.





ANALYSIS OF 2014-15 RECOMMENDED BUDGET

GROUP: Special Districts

DEPARTMENT: Special Districts

FUND: Water Districts - Consolidated

BUDGET UNIT: Various

FUNCTION: Operations

ACTIVITY: Water

	2010-11 Actual	2011-12 Actual	2012-13 Actual	2013-14 Estimate	2013-14 Modified Budget	2014-15 Recommended Budget	Change From 2013-14 Modified Budget
Requirements				i			
Staffing Expenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Operating Expenses	6,230,731	6,067,743	6,042,513	5,075,719	5,268,006	5,531,645	263,639
Capital Expenditures	1,086,119	124,312	26,725	3,458	309,000	798,499	489,499
Contingencies	0	0	0	0	1,213,538	1,512,673	299,135
Total Exp Authority	7,316,850	6,192,055	6,069,238	5,079,177	6,790,544	7,842,817	1,052,273
Reimbursements	(8,360)	7,513	0	0	0	0	0
Total Appropriation	7,308,490	6,199,568	6,069,238	5,079,177	6,790,544	7,842,817	1,052,273
Operating Transfers Out	2,152,781	736,773	1,420,003	4,042,187	4,122,038	2,105,040	(2,016,998)
Total Requirements	9,461,271	6,936,341	7,489,241	9,121,364	10,912,582	9,947,857	(964,725)
Sources				į			
Taxes	312,471	225,927	201,461	215,465	262,079	214,034	(48,045)
Realignment	0	0	0	0 !	0	0	` o´
State, Fed or Gov't Aid	4,799	225,219	4,524	4,495	4,682	4,495	(187)
Fee/Rate	5,639,455	5,905,130	6,750,128	7,271,588	6,603,955	7,165,126	561,171
Other Revenue	287,112	622,472	437,963	239,602	221,601	239,602	18,001
Total Revenue	6,243,837	6,978,748	7,394,076	7,731,150	7,092,317	7,623,257	530,940
Operating Transfers In	3,783,444	554,639	312,400	151,150	288,601	32,000	(256,601)
Total Sources	10,027,281	7,533,387	7,706,476	7,882,300	7,380,918	7,655,257	274,339
Net Budget*	566,010	597,046	217,235	(1,239,064)	(3,531,664)	(2,292,600)	1,239,064
				Budgeted Staffing	0	0	0

^{**}Net Budget reflects Total Sources less Total Requirements for Internal Service and Enterprise funds. When Net Budget is negative, it means that the department will be using assets that have been carried over from the prior year.



DETAIL OF 2014-15 RECOMMENDED BUDGET

	2014-15						
			Net				
	Requirements	Sources	Budget	Staffing			
Enterprise Funds							
CSA 42 Oro Grande (Fund EAS)	260,075	247,100	(12,975)	0			
CSA 64 Spring Valley Lake (Fund ECB)	3,712,404	2,894,871	(817,533)	0			
CSA 70 CG Cedar Glen (Fund ELL)	834,364	586,177	(248,187)	0			
CSA 70 F Morongo Valley (Fund EBY)	129,926	112,635	(17,291)	0			
CSA 70 J Oak Hills (Fund ECA)	4,031,360	3,103,329	(928,031)	0			
CSA 70 W-1 Goat Mountain (Fund ECS)	617,153	425,407	(191,746)	0			
CSA 70 W-3 Hacienda (Fund ECY)	208,456	166,805	(41,651)	0			
CSA 70 W-4 Pioneertown (Fund EDD)	154,119	118,933	(35,186)	0			
Total Enterprise Funds	9,947,857	7,655,257	(2,292,600)	0			

CSA 42 Oro Grande – Requirements of \$260,075 include operating and maintenance costs, transfers for allocated indirect operational cost reimbursements, operating transfers out to provide funding for the Chlorinator project, and contingencies. Sources of \$247,100 are primarily from user fees, connection fees, and service charges.

CSA 64 Spring Valley Lake – Requirements of \$3.7 million primarily include operating and maintenance costs; transfers for allocated indirect operational cost reimbursements; operating transfers out to fund various capital improvement projects including Service Line Replacement, a Meter Replacement project, the installation of a pump and motor, a Chlorinator project, and depreciation for future replacement projects; and contingencies. Sources of \$2.9 million are primarily from property taxes, user fees, and service charges.

CSA 70 CG Cedar Glen – Requirements of \$834,364 include operating and maintenance costs, transfers for allocated indirect operational cost reimbursements, operating transfers out to the replacement reserves for future projects, debt service, and contingencies. Sources of \$586,177 are primarily from user fees, service charges, and special assessments.

CSA 70 F Morongo Valley – Requirements of \$129,926 include operating expenses for water connection services, including operations and maintenance costs, transfers for allocated indirect cost reimbursements, other charges for loan payments consisting of a CSA Revolving Loan and a County loan payment; and contingencies. Sources of \$112,635 are primarily from user fees and service charges.

CSA 70 J Oak Hills – Requirements of \$4.0 million primarily include operating and maintenance costs; transfers for allocated indirect operational cost reimbursements; other charges for debt service; operating transfers out to provide funding for the Water Pipeline Replacement project, Booster Site 2 project, and the Well House project; and contingencies. Sources of \$3.1 million are primarily from user fees, service charges, and an operating transfer in from the expansion reserve fund to assist in the cost of debt service.

CSA 70 W-1 Goat Mountain – Requirements of \$617,153 primarily include: operating and maintenance costs; transfers for allocated indirect operational cost reimbursements; operating transfers out to provide funding for the Rehab Pressure Reducing Valve (PRV) Stations project, the Meter Replacement project, the Service Line Replacement project, and the Chlorinator project; and contingencies. Sources of \$425,407 are primarily from user fees and service charges.

CSA 70 W-3 Hacienda – Requirements of \$208,456 include operating and maintenance costs, transfers for allocated indirect operational cost reimbursements, operating transfers out to provide funding for the Meter Replacement project, and contingencies. Sources of \$166,805 are primarily from user fees and service charges.



CSA 70 W-4 Pioneertown – Requirements of \$154,119 primarily includes operating and maintenance costs, transfers for allocated indirect operational cost reimbursements, operating transfers out to the replacement reserves for future capital improvement projects, and contingencies. Sources of \$118,933 are primarily from user fees and service charges.

BUDGET CHANGES AND OPERATIONAL IMPACT

Requirements are decreasing by \$964,725. Major changes in requirements include an increase in operating expenses of \$263,639 primarily due to an increase in the allocation of both direct and indirect costs for CSA 70 Countywide support and services and supplies; an increase in capital expenditures of \$489,499 due to an increase in programmed capital improvement projects, an increase in contingencies of \$299,135 as a result of prior year operations, and a decrease in operating transfers out of \$2.0 million as a result of replacement reserves now being used to fund projects instead of the operating funds.

Sources are increasing by \$274,339. Major changes in sources include an increase in fee/rate revenue of \$561,171 primarily due to increased user rates in some districts and a decrease in operating transfers in of \$256,601 due to capital projects being funded by replacement reserve funds rather than operations.

STAFFING CHANGES AND OPERATIONAL IMPACT

There is no staffing associated with Water Districts.

